

Multiple Choice

1. Canada's Parliament is made up of
  - a. members of parliament
  - b. members of parliament and senators
  - c. the monarch, the Senate, and the House of Commons
  - d. the monarch, the Senate, the House of Commons, and the Supreme Court
  
2. Each of the following scenarios is an example of a failure to live up to one's responsibilities as a citizen except
  - a. quitting a political party
  - b. cheating on an income tax form
  - c. lying to a judge to get out of jury duty
  - d. neglecting to exercise the right to vote
  
3. The principle of responsible citizenship encourages citizens to
  - a. Become apathetic about national problems
  - b. Give more unconditional obedience to political leaders
  - c. Rely less on the government for the betterment of society
  - d. Concern themselves more with their rights as a citizen than with their citizenship duties
  
4. The primary role of the executive branch of the government is to
  - a. make laws
  - b. execute laws
  - c. set punishments for law breakers
  - d. determine if laws have been broken
  
5. Which electoral system is used to select Canada's members of parliament?
  - a. canvassing
  - b. Popular vote
  - c. First past the post
  - d. Proportional representatives
  
6. Who decides what bills will be introduced to Canada's Parliament?
  - a. The whip
  - b. The Governor General
  - c. The prime minister and cabinet
  - d. The Speaker of the House of Commons
  
7. Which of the following assemblies use the principles of regional representation – not representation by population – to determine its membership?
  - a. Canada's Senate
  - b. Quebec's National Assembly
  - c. Canada's House of Commons
  - d. Alberta's legislative assembly
  
8. One responsibility of the legislative branch of government in Canada is to
  - a. carry out decisions made by the government
  - b. decide how criminals will be punished
  - c. decide who has broken the law
  - d. pass laws for the country



